

## Understanding the Differences High School vs. College

A sure way to make a successful transition from high school to college is to think ahead and prepare for the differences between the two settings. This is especially true for students with a disability who face the same issues as their peers. College requires students to be more actively involved in their education and assume more responsibility, be prepared for possible challenges involved in requesting and receiving services.

Question	Secondary – High School	Postsecondary – College/University
What is the law?	IDEA and Section 504	ADA and Section 504
What is the intent of the law?	<u>IDEA:</u> Every child is entitled to a Free and Appropriate Public Education or FAPE in the least restrictive environment possible. <u>504:</u> To ensure that no otherwise qualified person with a disability will be denied access to, or the benefits of, or be subjected to discrimination by any program or activity provided by any public institution or entity.	To ensure that no otherwise qualified person with a disability will be denied access to, or the benefits of, or be subjected to discrimination by any program or activity provided by any public institution or entity.
Disability is defined:	<ul> <li>Children who fall within one or more specific categories of qualifying conditions.</li> <li>Requires that a child's disability adversely affect their educational performance and/or their ability to benefit from general education.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>A person having a physical or mental impairment, which limits one or more major life activity</li> <li>Have a record of such an impairment.</li> <li>Are regarded as having an impairment.</li> <li>No requirement for prior special education services</li> <li>No specific list of qualifying conditions.</li> </ul>
Who is covered under the law?	All infants, children and youth requiring special education services until age 21 or graduation from high school.	All qualified individuals with disabilities who meet the entry age level criteria or particular program entry criteria of the college and who can document the existence of a disability as defined by ADA.
Who is responsible for identifying and documenting the need?	School districts are responsible for identifying evaluating and planning educational services at no expense to the parent or individual. Parents must consent for evaluation & placement.	It is the responsibility of the student to self-identify if they require assistance. Students are adults; they request a meeting and provide documentation.



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How are services delivered?	School districts are responsible for providing specially	Requires that colleges/universities eliminate barriers
	designed instruction, supplemental educational	that would prevent the student from participating fully
	services, and supports in addition to what is provided to	in the programs and services offered.
	students in the general curriculum.	- Students meet the same admissions criteria as
		non-disabled peers.
		- Program and technical standards must be met either with or without accommodations.
How are plans developed?	A team consisting of the parents, student, and educators	The student and a professional from the
	develops the Individualized Education Plan (IEP) or	college/university meet to develop an
	504 Plan.	Accommodation Plan.
		Accommodations are determined on a case-by-case
		basis and directly tied to the functional limitation of
		the disability.
		- IEP's do not carry over high school
		- Accommodations cannot fundamentally alter
		the program or course.
How are accommodations	All educators are required to implement	Students decide how, when, or if they will utilize their
implemented?	accommodations and/or modification as specified in	accommodations (none, one or all).
	the IEP or 504 Plan.	- Students meet with their instructors to share
	- Educator Driven	their Instructor Letter to access their
		accommodations.
		- Student Driven
Who knows about the	The disability is openly discussed with the team but	The law is clear – disability information is
disability?	confidential to the meeting.	confidential and not shared with instructors or other
	Classroom teachers receive a copy of the IEP or 504	college professionals, and only with family members
	Plan.	with student consent.